CRYSTAL FALLS,

THE NEWS CONDENSED. THE EAST.

A NEW YORK dispatch says "the two razors which Edward Unger, the sausage peddler, used in carving his partner, Aupeddier, used in carving his partner, August Boltz, or Bohle, after he had killed him in his sleep, in order that the body might be packed in the trunk that turned up in Baltimore, were brought to police headquarters and put away with the rest of the overwhelming evidence against the murderer. Unger sat sullenly in his cell, refusing to speak when spoken to. He is very closely watched to prevent his cheating the hangman."... Sullivan, the pugilist, visited Dr. Sayre's office, at New York, when the surgeon made the discovery that Sullivan's broken arm had been set with the palm downward, arm had been set with the palm downward, instead of upward. While the champion was conversing with his friends, Dr. Sayre, with a sudden wrench, broke the knitting bones asunder, and with a sharp cry of pain Sullivan fell upon a lounge unconscious. When he recovered, the arm was re-set in a proper manner, and the Doctor thinks it will be all right in a few weeks.

MASTER WORKMAN JAMES E. QUINN of District Assembly No. 49, Knights of La- ! bor, and other leading members of the Knights have been arrested in New York on a civil suit for \$10,000 damages, brought by President McCready of the Old Do-minion Line. The company charges con-spiracy and injury to their business by the action of these men in ordering the strike.

C. M. G. Schroeder, Treasurer of the Germania Savings Bank of Jersey City, has gone to Canada. The bank has suspended, and hundreds of its poor depositors are impoverished.

EDWARD UNGER, of New York, has confessed the murder of August Bohle, whose mutilated body he shipped to Baltimore in a trunk... Near Stockdale, Pennsylvania, a young wife killed her brutal husband, who had threatened her life. She was immediately placed on trial for murder, without counsel or witnesses, and when the Judge directed the jury to acquit her the court room resounded with cheers.

THE WEST.

OVER one thousand persons have been converted in Sedalia, Mo., in a revival conducted by Major Cole.... Mrs. Asa J. Millman and her two children, under 2 years of age, residing near Burr Oak, Mich., were found drowned in a cistern in three feet of water. Upon the mother's body was tied a stone of twenty-five pounds weight... The wife of Frank Roth, a Bohemian merchant of Civeland, Ohio, poisoned herealf and bake with rough consoned herealf and bake with rough. self and babe with rough on rats. Her mind had become deranged through hearing read several times an accurate and lengthy description of how Mrs. Cabalek of Cleveland murdered her children and of Cleveland murdered her children and then committed suicide..., A writer in the St. Paul Pioneer-Press says that a Chicago syndicate of wealthy men are reported to be getting up an enormous pool for the purpose of controlling the wheat trade of the Northwest on the next crop. The scheme is to gain control of two or three elevator lines and then freeze out the rest.

THE Hon. Albert J. Seligman, who was kept hostage by the miners at Wickes, M. T., for unpaid wages, was released upon the New York firm of J. and W. Seligman & Co., telegraphing the necessary amount, (\$75,000) to Helena to pay off the men. The miners not only protected the proper-ty, but treated their prisoner with the ut-most courtesy. Fourteen indictments against persons who violated the election laws last November were returned at St. Louis by the United States Grand Jury. Warrants were issued for the arrest of the

MRS. LANGTRY began a three weeks' engagement at McVicker's Theater, Chicago, on Monday night, in "A Wife's Peril." Her performance of Lady Ormond has received high praise. The company supporting Mrs. Langtry is a thorougaly excellent one. It includes Mr. Charles Coghlan, one of the finest actors England has yet sent us. This excellent actor will be seen as Captain Bradford in "A Wife's Peril," and Claude Melnotte in "Lady of Lyons," which will be played during the second week of the engagement. "The School for Scandal" will probably be seen in the last

MISS VAN ZANDT is, says a Chicago paper, engaged in getting ready for publication a history of Spies and the other condemned anarchists. An interesting feature in the book is an autobiographical sketch by Spies, in which he blasphemously compares himself to Christ and finds an analogy in the crucifixion of his own condemnation for inciting the Haymarket

AT Leavenworth, thirty-five masked men broke into the jail, took out a negro ravisher named Richard Wood, and dragged him to death in the streets by a rope at-tached to the saddle of a masked horse-man. No effort is likely to be made to arrest the lynchers.

TWO GENTLEMEN largely interested in oil-fields of Pennsylvania, after prospecting for petroleum in the vicinity of Marion, Ind., have begun negotiations for the lease of several hundred acres of land. The region has already developed an unlimited supply of natural gas. Fred Wittrock has made a statement under eath that after Fotheringham was bound and the booty secured he offered the messenger \$10,000 if he would give the detective a false descrip-tion of him. Fotheringham replied: "Well, I'll see about it. Send the money to J. J. Mappes, Kansas City." The money was never sent, as the messenger was scared into giving a good description of the robber.

THE SOUTH.

THE Senate of Texas passed a bill appropriating \$100,000 for the relief of the drought sufferers. ... Fire at Dallas, Tex., entirely consumed three of the finest buildings in the city. The total loss on buildings and stock will aggregate \$400,000.... A trunk directed to "J. A. Wilson" was opened at Baltimore and found to contain the headless body of a man. The feet, legs, and one arm were also lopped off, and were packed with the body, but the head was missing. The trunk had been shipped from New York, and the calico shirt covering the remains had on it the name "C. Kankholdt." In the trunk were cards bearing the name of a Brooklyn butcher.

Five of the men engaged in the robbery of the railroad train at Gordon, Tex., have been arrested, and the prospect is that the other three will be captured.

A SITE has been selected at New Orleans by experienced parties from Memphis for a mill to be run in opposition to the monopoly known as the Cotton-Seed Oil Trust Company. Stock has been given to the leading planters on the lower Mississippi, who pledge themselves to furnish ample raw material. . W. L. Cornish, of Sharpsburg. Washington County, Ky., shot Miss Lulu Green through the heart and brain because she would not marry him. He also tried to kill the girl's mother and sister, but failed on account of his pistol being out of order. The mother received a severe wound in the hand, and was knocked down with the pistol. Cornish was captured and taken to Springfield. A mob composed of seventy-five men entered the jail and secured the prisoner. He was taken to a farm about two miles north of the town and hanged. mill to be run in opposition to the mo-

WASHINGTON.

THE internal revenue collections during the six months ending Dec. 30 were \$57,-503,503 -a decrease of \$1,054,340 as compared with the corresponding period of the previous fiscal year. There was a decrease of \$3,222,844 in the collections on spirits, an increase of \$683,881 in tobacco, an increase of \$1,112,461 on fermented liquors. The total collections from oleomargarine since Nov. 1 amounted to £298,109.

An adverse report will be made on the bill drafted by the National Cattle Growers' Association at their session in Chicago regarding pleuro-pneumonia and other dis-

THE Consul General at Shanghai reports to the State Department that \$1,260 was contributed by natives of that city for the sufferers by earthquake at Charleston.

....C. M. Depew, President of the New York Central Road, asked of the Attorney General a hearing in opposition to the interstate commerce bill. He was requested to forward a brief of his argument. It is settled now that Mr. C. N. Jordan, Treasurer of the United States, will relinquish his present office May I in order to accept the Presidency of the Western National Bank of New York, an institution now in processors. an institution now in process of organiza-tion, and which will be fully established by that date. Mr. Jordan has not yet formally resigned, but expects to do so shortly after the adjournment of Congress. It is under-stood that the change in office involves a decided increase in salary, the exact amount of which is not stated. The salary of Treasurer is \$6,000 per year. The new office, it is said, will pay at least \$10,000 per annum.

A FINAL dividend of 5 per cent. in favor of creditors of the World's Exposition at New Orleans has been made by the Acting Secretary of the Treasury from the Congressional appropriation of \$355,000.

POLITICAL.

THE Democrats of Philadelphia have nominated Charles H. Barnes for Mayor. en the right to vote at school elections was killed in the Wisconsin Assembly The Michigan Senate passed the House joint resolution to submit a prohibitory amendment at the spring election. The Ohio House rejected the township local-option bill....The Committee on Railroads of the Nebraska House have recommended the passage of the bill repealing the Rail-

way Commission act. A BILL is now before the Indiana Legislature the provisions of which are of so extraordinary a character as to make the proposed law of general interest. The bill simply provides that in case of willful homicide in which the slayer is the father, brother, or husband of a seduced girl or woman, and the slain is proven to have been her seducer, action for murder or manslaughter shall not lie. Under such circumstances the offense of slaying is reduced to a misdemeanor, punishable only by a fine, without imprisonment. This is the first instance of an attempt to enact a law which would under any circumstances, make the willful taking of human life a simple misdemeanor. It is understood that a similar bill is to be introduced in the Illinois Legislature.... The resolution for the submission to popular vote of a prohibition amendment to the State Constitution, which was adopted by both houses of the Michigan Legislature. has been signed by the Governor, and will be voted on in April next. The Tennes-see Senate has passed on its final reading the prohibition amendment to the constitutution, the vote being-yeas, 31; mays, 2...A bill probibiting marriages between white and colored persons has been intro-duced in the Illinois Senste. . A bill em-

tions passed the Kansas Senate-25 to 13 GENERAL.

powering women to vote at municipal elec-

ALL leading Canadian papers, irrespective of party, agree that Canada's position is impregnable on the fishery question, and urge the Dominion Government to uphold Canada's rights at all hazards. At the same time the hope is expressed that the United States Government will not take the course which recent legislation indicates until every means of coming to a fair and friendly settlement is exhausted. Sir John A. Macdonald, the Canadian Premier, in an interview at Ottawa, said to a New York Herald representative that the people of the United States did not understand Canada's position in the fisheries matter. The Dominion Government had endeavored to carry out the provisions of the treaty of 1818 in harmony with justice and fairness. Sir Johu said Cannaa had not enforced the customs and fishing laws with a view to coercing the United States, and would be glad to enter into an arrangement for the renewal of the privilege of fishing in our waters, and for American fishermen to obtain supplies, bait, and tranship fish. The Canadian Government, the Premier added, had acted according to law, and he saw no reason to change its views, no matter what took place in the United States. Sir Charles Tupper, when asked what would be the effect in Canada should the Belmont or Edmunds bill become law, said: "There will be an outbreak of patriotism. You will find that, notwithstanding the violence of party feeling, the opposition to the present government will not admit of a disposition to yield to the demands of the United States. No government could live in Canada that No government could live in Canada that attempted to subordinate national rights to party politics."

THE National Woman Suffrage Congress was in session at Washington during the week. Among the delegates present were; Susan B. Anthony, Mrs. May Wright Sewell, Mrs. Harrietta R. Shattuck, Mrs. Elizabeth Boyaton Harbert, Mrs. Isabella Beecher Hooker, the Rev. Olympia Brown, Phobe W. Cozzens, Mrs. Hannah Whitehall Smith, Mary F. Eastman, and Lillian Devereux Blake. Miss Susan B. Anthony delivered the opening speech. Addresses were made by Mrs. Sewell of Indiana on "The Condition of Liberty," by Mrs. Harbert of Illinois on "Our Motherless Government," and by Mrs. Isabella Beecher Hooker on "The Constitutional Rights of Women to the Ballot, by Miss Mary F. Eastman of Massachusetts on "The Perils of the Country," and by Mrs. Blake of New York on "The Rights of Man." Speeches were also made by Judge Cary of Wyoming Miss Phosp. Cozzens of St. Louis. A series of resolutions Susan B. Anthony, Mrs. May Wright Sew-St. Louis. A series of resolutions were adopted demanding the passage of a sixteenth amendment to the Constitution, which shall secure the right of suffrage to women of the United States, denouncing the disfranchisement of women, and thanking the United States Senators who supported the suffrage amend-ment. A committee was appointed to ar-range a meeting in Washington next year to commemorate the fortieth anniversary of the beginning of the movement for woman suffrage in this country. Invitations will be issued to women throughout the world who are interested in women's work.

FOREIGN.

A STRIKE has been inaugurated in Scottish collieries . . . A company of Italians has undertaken to light Rome by electricity generated by water-power at the Tivoli Falls,

Ir is stated that the Czar has forwarded a pacific message to the Emperor of Austria. . . . A duel was fought at Bucharest by the Minister of Foreign Affairs and a member of the Chamber of Deputies, the latter receiving a bullet in his hand.... latter receiving a bullet in his hand.
European war sparks: An order has been issued at Berlin forbidding the exportation of horses across the German frontier in any direction. In special cases deserving of exception exemption will be made from the present and from future measures controlling the exportation of these animals. Col. Klepsch, military attache to the Austro-Hungarian embassy at St. Petersburg, arrived at Vienna, and was immediately summoned to an audience with the Emperor and Count Kaldience with the Emperor and Count Kal-noky. During a debate on the budget in the lower house of the Hungarian diet. Premier von Tisza declared, amid acclama-tions, that no one wished for a war with

Russia refuses to join a formal conference of the powers on the Bulgarian question....John Morley has been selected as arbitrator in the Northumberland coal-mining dispute.... English newspapers generally seem to think that Churchill, in his speech, failed to justify his resignation.

At a court reception held in Berlin Emperor William informed the assembled officers that 72,000 mem of the reserves would be called out reserves would called immediately and drilled in use of the new repeating rifle..... In the British House of Commons, Sir James Ferguson, Parliamentary Secretary of the Foreign Office, in answer to inquiries, said that the Government had be conferring with the Government of the United States on the fisheries question. The Canadian fisheries, he said, were very valuable, and the Government had followed the policy concerning them which had been adopted by the preceding Governments, and would maintain the rights of the colonists, with every desire to conciliate the United States. Minister Pielps had a conference with the Marquis of Salisbury, at the Premier's request, to discuss the question. The conference was most cor-dial on both sides. Lord Salisbury ex-pressed himself gratified at the general tone of the American press and people in the dispute, and he assured Mr. Phelps that England and Canada were equally desirous of an amicable adjustment of the whole

A BELFAST cablegram states that some soldiers of the West Surrey regiment insulted a number of Catholic civilians. The latter retaliated by throwing stones. Over one hund ed persons were arrested by the police, and the troops were called out to restore quiet. The rioting was renewed the following day, when the police and the public exchanged shots. Many per-sons are said to have been injured. William O'Brien, speaking at Bodyke, County Limerick, said that if Iri-hmen ould meet the police man to man and rifle to rifle in the open field he for one would promptly abandon speaking, and the next speech the destroyers of the people's homes would hear would be from the mouths of the people's guns. Lord Dunsandle offered to reduce the rents of his Galway tenants 25 per cent, and to reinstate the evicted, which is a great victory for the tenants.

A NEW tax law has been promulgated in Russia fixing a tax of 5 per cent. on guaranteed revenues derived from railway shares, and a tax of 3 per cent, on similar guaranteed revenues. . . Conflicting rumors come from Europe with regard to the probability of war. On all the bourses of the Continent there is a general anticipation of early hostilities, but the German Emperor has given his dictum in favor of peace. At Paris, despite the reaction toward peace, there exists an undercurrent of belief that war is certainly among the possibilities. Chamberlain, in a speech at Birmingham, said he was willing, for the sake of peace. to postpone the much-needed reforms in Great Britain, but he would not accept terms dictated by a portion of the Irish members of Parliament, nor would be submit to a minority party which represented an anti-English conspiracy. The British people would accept a conciliatory course, but had not sunk so low as to accept a policy of surrender. He believed the question, by mutual concessions, could be set-tled on a basis which would involve no risk to the English taspayer.

ADDITIONAL NEWS.

A PORTLAND, Ore., dispatch says that "a high wind sprung up on the west slope of the Cascade Mountains, east of Tacoma. Washington Territory; about eleven miles from the west end of the Northern Pacific tunnet, it blew a large tree down into a camp where a number of Chinese laborers camp where a number of Chinese laborers were sleeping. Nine bodies had been removed at last accounts, and a dozen or more were injured. There is three to four feet of snow on the ground, and several bodies are still supposed to be buried in snow under the fallen timber. At Hunt's camp, a few miles west of the Chinese camp, a similar accident occurred among white laborers, and six were severely injured; none, it is believed, fatally."

It appears to be prefer well settled that

Ir appears to be pretty well settled that Mr. Manning is to leave the Treasury Department to take the Presidency of a newly organized national bank in New York. It is also understood that Mr. Jor-dan, Treasurer of the United States, will resign to become cashier of the same institution ... An investigation is demanded in the Minnesota Legislature of the charges that the saloon men have raised a big boodle fund to defeat high-license legislation. The joint resolution for submitting to popular vote a prohibition amendment to the Constitution was adopted in the Texas House—80 to 21.

A CABLE dispatch from Berlin says: The committee of the National Liberal party has issued a manifesto to the electors. They say: "Never since the Franco-Ger-man war has the danger of a great conflict been so near. No statesman can form any certain conclusions as to the future, even for a few weeks. The peace of Eu-rope rests at this moment solely upon the rope rests at this moment solely upon the strength, readiness for action, and moral trustworthiness of the German army. The National Liberals are confident that the voice of universal suffrage will pronounce the right decision. An unpropitious issue of the elections will bring down upon the country war with all its terrors, and, even with the best results, heavy losses."

JOINT resolutions of the Tennessee Legisla-

ture were presented in the Senate on the Sist uit, in favor of an appropriation for the World's Fair of Colored Industry at Birmingham. Ala. A resolution calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for a report as to whether any national banks are losaning money or discounting notes, requiring payment in gold coin only, was adopted. Inlis from committees were reported to the Senate and placed on the calendar as follows: For the construction of a building for the use of the officers of the House of Representatives; for an additional Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of New Mexico; authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Red River of the North; also across the Tennessee River at Chattanooga. The Senate adopted resolutions of inquiry as to the Apache Indians held in confinement in Florids, and Senator Beck introduced a bill to amend the national banking laws. The President sent the following nominations to the Senate: Postmasters—Big Rapids, Mich., Joseph H. Kilbourne; Joneaville, Mich., Maris S. Hewlett: Gallipolis, Ohio, William G. Brading; Beardstown, III., August E. Kammerer; Chico, Cal., Robinson M. Jones; Gajena, Kan., A. M. McPherson; Atkinson, Neb., Willard A. Wheeler; Milbank, Dakota, George C. Middlebrook. Ordnauge Department—Lieut, Col. James H. Whittemore, to be Colonel; Capt John A. Kresa, to be Major. In the House Mr. Lawier presented resolutions reciving the possibility of war with England, calling attention to our vicenseless sea and lake ports, and asking the President, as Commander-in-Chief of the army and navy, to report what steps are necessary, in his judgment to provide for this emergency. The resolutions were referred. Mr. Boutelle also offered a resolution directing the Foreign Affairs Committee to report back forthwith the Senate retaliation bill. Representative Crain of Texas introduced a resolution proposing constitutional amendments changing inauguration day to the last Tuesday in April; providing that the Fiftieth Congress shall terminate on Dec. 31, 1888, and the Fifty-f ture were presented in the Senate on the 31st ult, in favor of an appropriation for the World's March 4, 1860, shall continue in office until their successors are appointed or elected. Mr. Mc-Rae, of Arkansas, introduced a bill in the House prohibiting Congressmen from acting as attorneys or employes for railroad companies holding charters or having grants of lands or pecuniary aid from the United States, tien. Bragg introduced a bill in the House prohibiting the wearing of badge decorations, etc., of any kind, by mauthorized persons, indicating military or naval service during the late war. Representative T. J. Campbell of New York introduced a bill in the House increasing to \$15,000 the salaries of the Supremo Court Justices and the Cabinet officers. The Senate concurrent resolution for the appointment of a joint committee to take into consideration the expediency of holding an international exhibition in 1892 in commemoration of the discovery of America was reported to the House and placed on the calendar.

THE MARKETS. WHEAT—No. 2 TOLEDO, SSI 65 .85 CONN—Cash .37 85 .37 % .37 % .37 % .37 % .37 % .37 % .37 % .37 % .37 % .30 % BEEF CATTLE
HORS
SHEEP
WHEAT—Michigan Red
CORN—No. 4.
OATS—White
WETAT—No. 2.
BT. LOUIS. 4.00 (8 5.00 3.75 (6 5.25 4.75 (6 5.25 4.75 (6 5.50 .84 (8 .84)) .38 (6 .38)) .33 (6 .33)

Tax bill extending the limits of the Yellowstone National Park on the east and west, and diminishing them by two miles on the north, passed the Senate on the 29th inst. The Senate by a vote of 2s to 20, placed at the foot of the special orders the Judiciary Committee's substitute for the Beck railroad attorney bill. Mr. Beck, with some show of anger, gave notice that the measure must be voted on, and he should call it up from day to-day. The House of Representatives passed a bill setting aside \$10.0.0 for a special distribution of seed in Texas by the Commissioner of Agriculture. The postoffice appropriation bill, its which there is an increase of \$10.5,00 error last year's figures for the investigation of mail depredations in fourth-class postoffices, was passed. The committee on alleged violations of the rule regulating admissions to the floor recommended that the rules be so far amended as to admit to the floor only such ex-members as are not interested personally or as attorneys or agents in any claim or bill pending before Congress. diminishing them by two miles on the north,

An actor may be another actor's enemy and yet take his part.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Work of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

A RESOLUTION offered by Mr. Hoar, instructing the Committee on Privileges and Elections to investigate the allegations made by three residents of Washington County. Texas, as to their being driven from their homes, compelled to abandon their property, and deprived of the right of suffrage in that county, came up in the Senate Jan. 25, and gave rise to a warm debate, Mr. Coke protested that the proposed investigation was into a subject outside the jurisdiction of Congress. The State of Texas and State autonomy. Her constitution and laws were in full force and operation. She could redress all grievances, personal or otherwise, occurring within her borders. The subject was one peculiarly within the jurisdiction of the State, and the resolution was an intermeddling with something belonging wholly to the State, and outside of the jurisdiction of the General Government. He gave a history of the case, to the effect that a respectable white Democrat had been shot by a colored man at the polls near Brenham, Texas; that three colored men had been arrested and placed in jull, charged with that crime; that a mob had taken them out of jull and hauged them, and that the three potitioners, Hackworth, Moore, and Schultze, who had been prominent in influencing and deluding the negro population there, had supposed their lives to be in danger and had fied the country. He had received a telegram from D. C. Giddings, of Brenham, formerly a Representative in Congress from Texas, saying that the three petitioners were of the worst type of scalawags; that they had been mainly instrumental in stirring up strife between the races, and were charged with investigating the murder referred to; that they were not driven from their homes not were their lives threatened, but that their own guilty consciences had caused them to leave the country for the country's good. Mr. Hoar said the three petitioners represented thems have been driven out from their homes on American soil. Mr. Hoar, referring to the speeches on the fisheries bill, asked whe A RESOLUTION offered by Mr. Hoar, instructing the Committee on Privileges and Elections to investigate the allegations made by three THE agricultural experiment station bill pass-

ed the Senate, Jan. 27. It directs the establishment in connection with the agricultural colleges of a department to be known and designated as an "Agricultural Experiment Station." Where there are two such colleges in one State the amount appropriated to each State and Territory for this purpose (\$15,000 a year) is to be equally divided between them unless the State Legislature shall otherwise direct. The object and duty of such experiment stations is: To conduct original researches or to verify experiments on the physiology of plants and animals; the diseases to which they are severally subject and the remedies therefor; and chemical composition of useful plants; the comparative advantages of rotative cropping; the capacity of new plants or trees for acalimation; the analysis of soils and water; the chemical composition of manures; the adaptation and value of grasses and forage plants; the composition and digestibility of the different kinds of food for domestic animals; the scientific and economic questions involved in the production of butter and cheese, and such other researches or experiments bearing directly on the agricultural industry of the United States as may be decemed advisable. The Senate also passed the House bill for the relief of dependent parents and of honorably discharged soidlers and sailors now disabled. A resolution was adopted directing an investigation by the Engineer Bureau of the alloged obstructions to commerce in the Columbia River by salmon traps and wheels. Senator [Ingalls introduced a bill to amend the Revised Statutes so as to provide that no person shall be engaged in or carry on the business of rectifier, wholesale or retail fiquor dealer, wholesale or retail fiquor dealer, wholesale or retail induor of the district in which the busin ed the Senate, Jan. 27. It directs the establishment in connection with the agricultural

MR. EDMUNDS, in presenting to the Senate, on the 28th ult, a memorial from manufacturon the 28th ult, a memorial from manufacturers and business men in Vermont for a repeal or reduction of internal revenue taxes, said be wished to urge on the Finance Committee the importance of the subject of reducing, if not altogother repealing, this remnant of the unpleasantness of twenty-five years ago. Mr. Mahone presented numerous petitions from Virginia manufacturers of and dealers in tobacco, for the abolition of the tobacco tax. Mesers. Evarts, Teller. Spooner, Pugh, and Eustis were selected as the Senatorial Committee to investigate the alleged Texas outrages. The President sent in a mossage vetoing the bill granting a pension to Benjamin Obekiah. "The bill," he says, "directs that the beneficiary named therein be placed upon the pension roll subject to the provisions and limitations of the pension laws. In July, 1883, the person named in this bill was placed upon the pension roll at a rate determined upon by the Pension Bureau pursuant to the provisions and limitations of the pension laws, and it is entirely certain that the special act now presented to me would give the claimant no new rights or additional benefits." The President also vetoed the bill for the relief of H. K. Relding, who was a mail contractor in Minnesota in 1860. The measure is vetoed because the President thinks the evidence in the case gives rise to a strong presumption that the claim is entirely fictitious, Edward F. Mealey, of Maryland was nominated to be Consul at Munich. The House of Representatives passed the Washington cable-railway charter and agreed to a conference report on the bill making an annual appropriation of \$460,000 for the equipment of the militia forces. ers and business men in Vermont for a repeal